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Street and Yard Trees for Saratoga Springs

(This is essentially an annotated version of the official City list of trees that DPW plants on City property and is also the official list found in the City Code that developers must plant at construction projects.)

The following trees are recommended for planting in the Saratoga Springs urban forest. However, they should not be considered interchangeable. Species differ by mature size and tolerance to site conditions such as sun exposure, soil conditions such as moisture, fertility, acidity and exposure to compaction, root zone dimensions and tolerance of road salt. Numerous cultivars are available for some popular species, while cultivars for others have yet to be provided. In making tree selections for a particular site, some research will be necessary to assure that the right tree is chosen. We recommend consulting a landscape professional.

Medium to Large Trees (plant wherever space allows; large trees provide far more benefits)

Acer rubrum	Red Maple ¹
Acer saccharum	Sugar Maple ¹
Betula nigra	River Birch
Celtis occidentalis	Hackberry
Gingko biloba	Gingko (male only)
Gleditsia tricanthos v. inermis	Thornless Honeylocust
Gymnocladus dioica	Kentucky Coffeetree (male only)
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar ²
Nyssa sylvatica	Black Tupelo ²
Ostrya virginiana	Hophornbeam
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore
Quercus alba	White Oak
Quercus coccinea	Scarlet Oak
Quercus palustris	Pin Oak
Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak
Tilia americana	American Basswood
Ulmus americana	American Elm (disease-resistant cultivars such as
	Princeton, Valley Forge)

Small Trees (Under Power Lines)

Amelanchier species	Serviceberry (aka Juneberry or Shadberry)
Carpinus caroliniana	American Hornbeam
Cornus alternifolia	Pagoda Dogwood
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood ¹
Crataegus crus-galli v. inermis	Thornless Cockspur Hawthorn
Malus species	Crabapple

¹ We strongly recommend avoiding maples for the next decade and instead planting other types of trees from the list. Over half of the trees in Saratoga's urban forest are maples. Such overreliance on a single genus risks devastation from some maple pest.

Exotic Invasives - DO NOT PLANT

NEVER PLANT Norway maple (and its many cultivars, like Crimson King), Callery pear, Japanese tree lilac, Japanese barberry, or burning bush. These commonly planted non-native trees and shrubs reproduce in the wild and cause ecological damage to natural landscapes. A more complete list of invasive plants is found at: http://www.nvis.info/index.php?action=israt.

² Make sure your nursery is growing this tree species from a northern seed source to assure that it will survive cold winter temperatures.